SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		
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In re	:	Chapter 11 Case No.
LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al.,	: :	08-13555 (SCC)
Debtors.	:	(Jointly Administered)
	: x	

## DECLARATION OF ANKE PARR

Anke Parr declares under penalty of perjury, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1746, as follows:

- I. I make this Declaration based on my personal knowledge. The facts set forth below are true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I submit this affidavit in opposition to the Debtors' 118<sup>th</sup> and 314<sup>th</sup> omnibus objections to claims.
- 2. I was employed by Lehman Brothers beginning June 2000. I remained a Lehman employee up to and through the date it filed for bankruptcy/administration.
- 3. Lehman compensated me on what it called a Total Compensation basis by payment of an annual salary payable monthly plus a bonus. Consistent with the investment banking industry, my bonus was more than an integral part of my compensation; it was the majority of my compensation.
- 4. For each year between 2003 and 2007, Lehman told me verbally and in writing, at or around the end of each fiscal year, the amount of my total compensation for that year and that it had determined the year-end part of my total compensation would be divided into portions; for 2003 one portion designated as CSAs, one as options and the balance as a cash award; for the remaining years one portion designated as CSAs and the balance as a cash award.



- 5. When Lehman paid me the cash portion of my Total Compensation, Lehman reported it to the tax authorities as compensation income and I paid income tax on it through customary withholding. While the CSA-designated portion was declared as part of my total compensation at the same time, it was not reported by Lehman to the tax authorities as compensation income.
- 6. My participation in the CSA compensation plan was automatic and mandatory -there were no election or enrollment forms to complete, I could not choose whether or not to
  participate. I paid no tax on the CSA-designated portion of my total compensation upon the
  grant of the CSA.
- 7. At the outset of employment I was told in writing, that at the Firm's discretion, a portion of my total compensation (combined base salary and other compensation) may be payable in the form of CSAs pursuant to the Firm's employee stock award program. Any portion of my Total Compensation payable in the form of CSAs in any year was at the discretion of Lehman and varied from year to year.
- 8. Pursuant to the CSA Agreements, I recognized that in order to be paid my compensation, I was contractually obligated to avoid engaging in any "Detrimental Activity" and that I had other employment-related conditions under these Agreements, none of which were performance based, which needed to be met over the course of a five-year period. If Lehman exercised its option to pay a portion of my total compensation in the form of CSAs, as Lehman cautioned me in the program documents it provided, I had no rights as a stockholder until I became the record holder of stock. Further, I had no ability to sell, assign, pledge or otherwise dispose of the CSAs. Even after the CSAs become subject to limited conditions, the CSAs did not convert to stock and I was not permitted to sell the shares.

- 9. What Lehman describes as a financial incentive to remain with Lehman was really Lehman's assertion of financial control over significant portions of my total compensation. There was nothing in this practice that attracted me to work at Lehman it was just withholding my earnings as a means of making it costly for me to leave the firm. The CSAs were never a form of compensation I elected to take; it was Lehman's way of handcuffing employees to the firm.
- 10. I did not join Lehman so that I could make a profit on its stock. My decision to join Lehman did not turn on the nature of the CSA plan. What drove me to join Lehman was a career decision. I came to Lehman as an employee and not as an investor.
- 11. Finally, with CSAs I paid tax at ordinary income rates on the full market value of the shares Lehman issued to me upon conversion after five years; not capital gains tax on any portion of the market value which might have been greater than the value at the initial grant date.
- 12. Lehman does not dispute that it retained me to perform services as an employee and that it received the benefit of my services, for which at the end of each fiscal year it declared my Total Compensation. Although I continued to work for Lehman in reliance on its promise to pay me my wages it declared I had earned, Lehman subsequent to the bankruptcy claims that the unpaid amount is now classified as equity, even though no equity was ever issued and I had no rights as a holder of equity.
- CSAs, that if Lehman filed for bankruptcy that I would not have the same standing as other unpaid general creditors because I had been a participant in the employer imposed CSA plan. Subsequent to the bankruptcy through my proof of claim filing, I learned that any priority wage claim I have would be limited to the 180 day period prior to the bankruptcy filing. I maintain my rights to be paid as an unsecured creditor, both senior to general creditors for those declared and



unpaid wages which fall within the limited time frame prior to the bankruptcy, and as a general creditor for all other declared and unpaid wages under the wage laws of the United Kingdom, the Employment Rights Act 1996.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: March 3, 2014

Anke/Parr

